

**My Office Hours:** M & W 2:30–4:00, Tu 2:00–3:30, & F 1:30–2:30 or by appointment. **Math Intern:** Sun: 2:00–5:00, 7:00–10pm; Mon thru Thu: 3:00–5:30 and 7:00–10:30pm in Lansing 310. Website: <http://math.hws.edu/~mitchell/Math131F15/index.html>.

### ☛ Practice

- Test 1** Thursday in Lab. See Day 12 handout and website.
- (a) Today we determine area between curves by integration along the  $y$ -axis. See Section 6.2 and the notes on line for more examples.  
 (b) For Wednesday, read Section 6.3 on Volume using the Slicing and Disk Methods.  
 (c) Practice: Try before class. Try page 417ff, integrating along the  $y$  axis: #23, 25, 29( $y$ -axis only), 31( $y$ -axis only), 45.
- Area along the  $x$ -axis review. Sketch each region before finding its area:
  - The area in the first quadrant enclosed by  $y = \cos x$ ,  $y = \sin x$ , and the  $y$  axis. (Answer:  $\sqrt{2} - 1$ )
  - The area enclosed by  $y = x^3$  and  $y = \sqrt[3]{x}$ . (Answer: 1)
  - The area enclosed by  $y = x^3 + 1$  and  $y = (x + 1)^2$ . (Answer: 37/12)
  - Find the area in the first quadrant enclosed by  $y = \sqrt{x - 1}$ , the line  $y = 7 - x$ , and the  $x$ -axis by integrating along the  $x$ -axis. Draw the figure. Then do it by integrating along the  $y$ -axis. (Answer:  $\frac{22}{3}$ .)
  - Find the area enclosed by  $y = 2x^2$  and  $y = x^2 + 4x$ . Draw the figure. (Answer:  $\frac{32}{3}$ .)

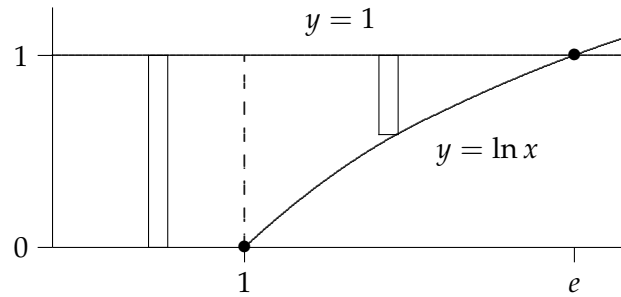
### Hand In

WeBWorK set Day13 Most of these are the same as the hand in problems below. Do them at the same time. Extra Credit: WeBWorK Day14Bonus: Determine the area enclosed by  $y = x\sqrt{2x + 3}$  and  $y = x^2$ .

- Find the area between the curves  $y = x^3 - 3x$  and  $y = x^2 + 3x$ . (Along the  $x$ -axis)
- Sketch the region enclosed by  $y = \arcsin x$ , the line  $x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ , and the  $x$ -axis in the first quadrant. . . see page 45 for a graph of the arcsine function. Determine its area. Which axis **MUST** you integrate along? Make sure one edge of the region is the  $x$ -axis.
- Sketch and determine the area of the region enclosed by the curves  $x = y(2 - y)$  and  $x = -y$ . What axis should be used here?
- (a) Find the area in the first quadrant enclosed by  $y = \sqrt{x - 1}$ , the line  $y = 7 - x$ , and the  $x$ -axis by integrating along the  $x$ -axis. Draw the figure.  
 (b) Do it instead by integrating along the  $y$ -axis.
- Sketch and determine the area of the region enclosed by  $y = 4 \ln x$  and the lines  $x = 0$ ,  $y = 0$ , and  $y = 10$ . What axis is appropriate? (Algebra hint:  $4 \ln x = \ln x^4$ .)
- Determine the area enclosed by  $y = x - 4$  and  $y^2 = 2x$  by integrating along the  $y$ -axis. Sketch the region before finding its area.
- Integrate along the  $y$ -axis.** Find the area of the region  $R$  enclosed by  $y = \sqrt{x}$ ,  $y = \sqrt{12 - 2x}$ , and the  $x$ -axis in the first quadrant *by integrating along the  $y$  axis*. Be careful to use the correct region: **One edge is the  $x$  axis.**

*Class Work: Integration Along the y-axis*

*Motivation:* Find the area of the region in the first quadrant enclosed by the graphs of  $y = 1$ ,  $y = \ln x$ , and the  $x$ - and  $y$ -axes.



The region in the first quadrant enclosed by the graphs of  $y = 1$ ,  $y = \ln x$ , and the  $x$ - and  $y$ -axes. There are two representative rectangles because the bottom curve changes.

- (a) Set up the integral for the area of this region. Can you evaluate it? Why?
- (b) What if we change our perspective and integrate along the  $y$ -axis? Draw the appropriate representative rectangle and determine the area.

