

Math 131 Homework: Day 9

My Office Hours: M & W 12:30–2:00, Tu 2:30–4:00, & F 1:15–2:30 or by appointment. **Math Intern** Sun: 12–6pm; M 3–10pm; Tu 2–6, 7–1pm; W and Th: 5–10 pm in Lansing 310. Website: <http://math.hws.edu/~mitchell/Math131S13/index.html>.

☕ Practice and Reading

1. a) Reread and review Section 5.4 on substitution, which we will finish next class.
b) ♠ Practice substitution while things are still relatively simple! Page 363ff #9–23 odd, 27.

Hand In Wednesday (Also WeBWork Set Day09 Due Thursday)

Use this sheet. Be neat so that I can grade these quickly and get them back to you in Lab. Put a box around your answers so I can find them. Clearly note any substitution.

1. Determine $\int 3x^2(x^3 + 9)^{-5} dx$.

2. Determine $\int \cos x \sqrt{4 + 2 \sin x} dx$.

3. Determine $\int \frac{(\ln t)^3}{t} dt$.

4. Determine $\int (x + 2) \sin(x^2 + 4x) dx$.

5. Determine $\int \frac{x^5}{1+4x^6} dx$.

6. Fill in the blank with a function that makes this an easy problem to do and then solve it. $\int e^{x+\tan x}(\text{_____}) dx$.

7. **Practice: Starting Integration Problems.** Sometimes starting a problem is the hardest thing. Decide which method is appropriate for each: basic rules, algebraic simplification, “mental adjustment,” still others require u -substitution. Complete the table. **You do not actually have to do the antidifferentiation.**

Integral	Method	If u -sub, then $u = ?$ and $du = ?$
$\int (3x+2)(6x^2+8x)^5 dx$		
$\int (3x+2)(6x+8) dx$		
$\int \frac{1}{5\sqrt[4]{x^3}} dx$		
$\int \sec^2(3x) dx$		
$\int \sin(\cos x) \sin x dx$		
$\int \frac{4}{1+x^2} dx$		
$\int \frac{4x}{1+x^2} dx$		
$\int \frac{1+x^2}{x} dx$		
$\int \frac{t}{\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt$		
$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt$		