## Pumping Fluid Examples - ANSWERS MATH 131: Calculus II, Section 1 March 7, 2014

(1) A tank has the shape of an inverted circular cone with height 10m and base radius 4m. It is filled with water to a height of 8m. Find the work required to empty the tank by pumping all of the water to the top of the tank. (Water has a density  $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ .)

 $\frac{3211264\pi}{3}~\mathrm{J}$ 

(2) A tank 5 feet long has cross sections in the shape of a parabola  $y = x^2$ , for  $-2 \le x \le 2$  (where x and y are in feet). Suppose that the tank is filled to a depth of 3 feet with liquid weighing 15 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>. How much work is required to empty the tank by pumping the liquid over the edge of the tank?

 $660\sqrt{3}$  ft-lbs

## Pumping Fluid and Surface Area

(3) Find the surface area generated by rotating the curve  $y = \frac{1}{3}x^3$  for  $0 \le x \le 2$  about the x-axis.

$$\frac{\pi}{9}(17^{3/2}-1)$$

(4) A trough as drawn on the board is filled with a fluid that has density  $100 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . Find the work required to pump the fluid out of a pipe two meters above the tank.

 $\frac{784,000}{3} \ {\rm J}$ 

(5) A circular swimming pool has diameter 20 feet and a side height of 5 feet. The depth of the water is 4 feet. If water weighs  $62.5 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ , how much work is required to pump all of the water out of a tube 2 feet above the pool?

 $125,000\pi$  ft-lbs

(6) Find the surface area generated by rotating the curve  $y = \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{1}{2x}$  for  $1 \le x \le 2$  about the x-axis.