## MATH 2001 PROOF BY INDUCTION

## General outline of a proof by induction.

Proof.

- 1. Base case: verify that the first statement is true.
- 2. Induction step: show that if the k-th statement is true, then the (k+1)-st statement is true.

**Example 1.** Prove that  $7 \mid 4^{3n} - 1$  for every non-negative integer n (i.e. n = 0, 1, 2, 3, ...). *Proof.* 

**Example 2.** Prove that 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$
.

 ${\it Proof.}$ 

**Example 3.** Let  $a_1, a_2, a_3, \ldots$  be a sequence of integers where  $a_1 = 3$ ,  $a_2 = 1$ , and  $a_n = a_{n-2} + a_{n-1}$  for each integer  $n \ge 4$ . Prove that  $1 \le \frac{a_n}{a_{n-1}} \le 2$  for each  $n \ge 4$ .

Proof.

**Example 4.** Let  $A_1, A_2, \ldots, A_n$  be sets. Prove that  $\overline{A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \cdots \cap A_n} = \overline{A_1} \cup \overline{A_2} \cup \ldots \cup \overline{A_n}$ . *Proof.* 

## Suggested proofs:

Chapter 10 (induction): 6, 7, 18.

Chapter 12.6 (functions and inverses): 10, 11, 13.