Lab 7

 use the patterns discussed in class with the elements of the patterns filled in as specified in the handout

This process follows the additive pattern — each level adds to what was drawn in the previous level. The elements of the pattern:

Materials from class:

- slides: fractals (additive and replacement patterns)
- examples:
 - o snowman family (additive pattern)
 - Sierpinski carpet (replacement pattern)
- handout: in-class exercises (solutions: #1 additive, #2 replacement)

Wed Materials from class:

- · slides: exam 1 redo info
- slides: fractals (L-systems)
- examples: (L-systems)
 - Koch snowflake
 plant
- handout: in-class exercises (solutions: #1 L-systems)

Lab 7

- the goal of an exercise is never the particular sketch, but learning how to use the elements of Processing (and, more generally, the elements of programming) discussed in class to create similar kinds of sketches
 - primary source for "how do I do this?" material should be the lab handout itself and the posted class materials (slides, examples, in-class exercises handouts and solutions)
 - primary source for help should be office hours and Teaching Fellows
- you must identify help received / sources used (other than provided class materials) in a comment in your sketch
- you may not use AI, write code together with others, or copy code from elsewhere (even if you make changes)
 - adapting examples is OK (identify the source if not from class!)
 - an example shows the structure but you have to replace the elements specific to a particular task with what is relevant for your particular task
 - ask if you need clarification!

Lab 7

- for the terrain –
- The base shape is a quad whose top corners are (x1,y1) and (x2,y2) and whose bottom corners are at the bottom edge of the window.
 - use quad()
 - if you are looking up shape-drawing commands in the Processing API, stick to those in the "2d Primitives" section

2d Primitives	arc()	Draws an arc in the display window
	circle()	Draws a circle to the screen
	ellipse()	Draws an ellipse (oval) in the display window
	line()	Draws a line (a direct path between two points) to the screen
	point()	Draws a point, a coordinate in space at the dimension of one pixel
	quad()	A quad is a quadrilateral, a four sided polygon
	rect()	Draws a rectangle to the screen
	square()	Draws a square to the screen
	triangle()	A triangle is a plane created by connecting three points