## Math 331 Homework: Day 20

Review Section 3.2 and Read 3.3. The exam will cover material through the Mean Value Theorem (if we get this far).

## Material to Review for the In-Class Exam

In-class format: Definitions, theorems, examples, simple limit, continuity, and derivative proofs; simple results that follow from theorems.

- 1. You should know the definitions of the following terms and how to use these definitions in problems:
  - a) polynomial, rational function
  - b) the variations on the limit definition, e.g.:  $\lim_{x\to a^+} f(x)$ ,  $\lim_{x\to a^-} f(x)$ ,  $\lim_{x\to +\infty} f(x)$ . You will also still need to use the basic limit definition:  $\lim_{x\to a} f(x)$ .
  - c) continuity (various forms of the definition), continuity on a closed interval, uniform continuity
  - d) extreme points and values and corresponding theorems for continuous functions and for differentiable functions
  - e) differentiability (definition of f'(a) including the fact that f must be defined in an interval containing a), critical points and values. You should be able to use the definition of the derivative to calculation the derivatives of particular functions.
- 2. You should know the following theorems and how to use them. The ones in **bold** should be memorized.
  - a) The basic limit theorems (Thms 2.3.1–2.3.6): uniqueness, sum, constant multiple, product, quotient, polynomial and the squeeze theorems.
  - b) The basic continuity theorems: Theorem 2.5.2–3, the IVT.
  - c) The uniform continuity theorems: "Continuous functions on closed bounded intervals are uniformly continuous" Thm 2.6.4. The Boundedness Theorem, The Max-Min Theorem.
  - d) The basic differentiability theorems: differentiability implies continuity, Theorem 3.1.2. Theorem 3.1.3, Theorem 3.1.5, and if we get this far: The Mean Value Theorem.
  - e) The basic derivative rules Theorems 3.2.1–7 (which you should already know).
  - f) I might take a proof of a theorem and have you justify the steps.
  - g) If we get this far: Know the proof of the Mean Value Theorem (using Rolle's Theorem).
- **3.** You should be able to give examples of various sorts of functions (or know why such examples do NOT exist). For instance:
  - a) A function that is continuous at a point but not differentiable there.
  - b) A function that is differentiable at a point but not continuous there.
  - c) A function continuous at no point; a function continuous only at one point.
- 4. a) You haven't had a chance to do many problems involving derivatives. Here are some elementary ones that should be doable using the definition of derivative (some are easier with the x → a version of the definition). Page 99ff #1, 3, 7, 8(a), 9,
  - b) Think about how you would modify the derivative definition to do "one-sided" derivatives page 99 #6. Also look at 7, 8(a), 9, 10 (a,b) should sound familiar.
  - c) Page 104ff #1, 2, 3, 4 (this type of short answer question is would be good on the in-class portion), 5 (which is similar)
  - d) Here are a couple of pairs of problems that go together. Page 64 #2.2.5 and page 99 #4. Page 63 #2.2.2 and then page 105 #3.2.7. A bit harder: Page 80 #2.5.7 (we did this in class) and page 99 #3.1.10 (a,b).
- 5. From Sections 2.5 and 2.6 to try: 2.5.1, 2.5.8, 2.5.9, 2.6.3, 2.6.4, 2.6.5, 2.6.6, 2.6.11.